



1  
00:00:35,590 --> 00:00:34,470

[Music]

2  
00:00:36,630 --> 00:00:35,600

three

3  
00:00:37,510 --> 00:00:36,640

two

4  
00:00:44,069 --> 00:00:37,520

one

5  
00:00:49,190 --> 00:00:46,150  
you're looking live at the northrop

6  
00:00:51,590 --> 00:00:49,200  
grumman facility in promontory utah

7  
00:00:54,310 --> 00:00:51,600  
where in about 20 minutes you're going

8  
00:00:56,630 --> 00:00:54,320  
to see a lot of smoke and fire as we

9  
00:00:59,510 --> 00:00:56,640  
test the solid rocket booster for nasa

10  
00:01:03,270 --> 00:00:59,520  
space launch system or rocket

11  
00:01:05,750 --> 00:01:03,280  
good afternoon everyone and welcome i am

12  
00:01:08,710 --> 00:01:05,760  
shannon segovia at nasa's marshall space

13  
00:01:12,230 --> 00:01:08,720

flight center in huntsville alabama home

14

00:01:14,710 --> 00:01:12,240  
of the space launch system program we're

15

00:01:17,590 --> 00:01:14,720  
counting down to our two minute booster

16

00:01:21,030 --> 00:01:17,600  
test that will happen at 105 and

17

00:01:24,070 --> 00:01:21,040  
mountain 305 eastern

18

00:01:26,469 --> 00:01:24,080  
be sure and follow us on social media we

19

00:01:29,109 --> 00:01:26,479  
will be taking your questions throughout

20

00:01:30,230 --> 00:01:29,119  
the show on our social channels you can

21

00:01:34,230 --> 00:01:30,240  
use the

22

00:01:37,030 --> 00:01:34,240  
ask nasa also if you are watching on

23

00:01:39,030 --> 00:01:37,040  
facebook be sure and put your questions

24

00:01:41,350 --> 00:01:39,040  
in the comments and we will be taking

25

00:01:43,910 --> 00:01:41,360  
those there too

26  
00:01:46,950 --> 00:01:43,920  
nasa is building the space launch system

27  
00:01:50,630 --> 00:01:46,960  
rocket or sls to send the orion

28  
00:01:51,910 --> 00:01:50,640  
spacecraft on our artemis missions to

29  
00:01:56,550 --> 00:01:51,920  
the moon

30  
00:01:57,510 --> 00:01:56,560  
a lot of power and you need a lot of

31  
00:01:59,830 --> 00:01:57,520  
energy

32  
00:02:04,469 --> 00:01:59,840  
and these twin solid rocket boosters

33  
00:02:07,830 --> 00:02:04,479  
that you see on this model provide 75

34  
00:02:09,350 --> 00:02:07,840  
of the power needed to launch sls to

35  
00:02:11,430 --> 00:02:09,360  
space

36  
00:02:14,309 --> 00:02:11,440  
for the artemis one mission

37  
00:02:16,949 --> 00:02:14,319  
sls will launch an uncrewed orion

38  
00:02:19,830 --> 00:02:16,959

spacecraft next year from the kennedy

39

00:02:22,309 --> 00:02:19,840

space center in cape canaveral florida

40

00:02:25,350 --> 00:02:22,319

and this mission will really provide the

41

00:02:28,470 --> 00:02:25,360

foundation for nasa's deep space

42

00:02:31,670 --> 00:02:28,480

exploration missions

43

00:02:34,229 --> 00:02:31,680

now we are looking live at a view of the

44

00:02:36,710 --> 00:02:34,239

northrop grumman promontory facility in

45

00:02:40,150 --> 00:02:36,720

utah where our booster will be tested

46

00:02:42,949 --> 00:02:40,160

today and as you can see the booster is

47

00:02:45,030 --> 00:02:42,959

anchored in the stand horizontally since

48

00:02:48,070 --> 00:02:45,040

it's not being launched

49

00:02:52,150 --> 00:02:48,080

and today's test is called the flight

50

00:02:54,710 --> 00:02:52,160

support booster test one or fsb one and

51  
00:02:57,509 --> 00:02:54,720  
it is a ground test conducted with one

52  
00:03:00,550 --> 00:02:57,519  
booster it's the first test that will

53  
00:03:02,869 --> 00:03:00,560  
examine materials and processes

54  
00:03:06,390 --> 00:03:02,879  
that may be needed to improve the

55  
00:03:09,430 --> 00:03:06,400  
booster on future artemis missions

56  
00:03:11,990 --> 00:03:09,440  
and the booster being tested today will

57  
00:03:16,149 --> 00:03:12,000  
fire for a little over two minutes and

58  
00:03:17,110 --> 00:03:16,159  
produce around 3.6 million pounds of

59  
00:03:19,350 --> 00:03:17,120  
thrust

60  
00:03:20,550 --> 00:03:19,360  
just like the booster will do during

61  
00:03:22,550 --> 00:03:20,560  
launch

62  
00:03:25,589 --> 00:03:22,560  
we are bringing you coverage today of

63  
00:03:27,750 --> 00:03:25,599

the first space launch system flight

64

00:03:30,949 --> 00:03:27,760

support booster test at the northrop

65

00:03:33,509 --> 00:03:30,959

grumman facility in utah

66

00:03:35,830 --> 00:03:33,519

and we hope you all stay with us today

67

00:03:37,030 --> 00:03:35,840

because this test is going to be really

68

00:03:39,830 --> 00:03:37,040

really cool

69

00:03:42,309 --> 00:03:39,840

and we're about 17 minutes away from it

70

00:03:44,149 --> 00:03:42,319

and while we wait we are going to hear

71

00:03:46,309 --> 00:03:44,159

from a northrop grumman engineer who

72

00:03:49,190 --> 00:03:46,319

will tell us all about it and what we

73

00:03:51,430 --> 00:03:49,200

can expect to see today

74

00:03:52,949 --> 00:03:51,440

hi my name is nicholas chaston and i'm

75

00:03:54,550 --> 00:03:52,959

the ballistics engineer in charge of

76

00:03:57,910 --> 00:03:54,560

predicting motor performance for the

77

00:03:59,429 --> 00:03:57,920

flight support booster 1 fsb-1

78

00:04:02,390 --> 00:03:59,439

here at the northrop grumman's

79

00:04:04,550 --> 00:04:02,400

promontory utah facility we manufacture

80

00:04:06,789 --> 00:04:04,560

the solid rocket boosters for nasa's

81

00:04:09,830 --> 00:04:06,799

space launch system that will launch

82

00:04:11,350 --> 00:04:09,840

artemis missions to the moon and beyond

83

00:04:13,990 --> 00:04:11,360

today we are testing one of those

84

00:04:17,270 --> 00:04:14,000

boosters in our promontory test area the

85

00:04:19,349 --> 00:04:17,280

sls booster motor measures 167 feet long

86

00:04:21,270 --> 00:04:19,359

and 12 feet in diameter we have

87

00:04:23,670 --> 00:04:21,280

successfully completed five previous

88

00:04:26,790 --> 00:04:23,680

tests to qualify for flight this test

89

00:04:28,790 --> 00:04:26,800

dubbed flight support booster 1 or fsb-1

90

00:04:30,629 --> 00:04:28,800

will evaluate new propellant materials

91

00:04:32,710 --> 00:04:30,639

and verify that all ballistic

92

00:04:34,469 --> 00:04:32,720

requirements of the motor are met

93

00:04:36,790 --> 00:04:34,479

preparations for this test began in

94

00:04:38,550 --> 00:04:36,800

march the first of five segments was

95

00:04:40,870 --> 00:04:38,560

installed in the test bay in april and

96

00:04:43,510 --> 00:04:40,880

the last one completed installation in

97

00:04:45,590 --> 00:04:43,520

june the motor has been cold

98

00:04:47,590 --> 00:04:45,600

conditioning to a target temperature of

99

00:04:50,710 --> 00:04:47,600

60 degrees fahrenheit to 70 degrees

100

00:04:52,629 --> 00:04:50,720

fahrenheit over the last several weeks

101  
00:04:54,710 --> 00:04:52,639  
all of our large solid rocket motors

102  
00:04:58,310 --> 00:04:54,720  
undergo ground tests at our promotory

103  
00:05:02,550 --> 00:05:00,870  
in addition to holding this 1.6 million

104  
00:05:04,629 --> 00:05:02,560  
pound motor in place

105  
00:05:07,029 --> 00:05:04,639  
the structure houses all necessary

106  
00:05:09,670 --> 00:05:07,039  
electronics and instruments needed for

107  
00:05:11,029 --> 00:05:09,680  
motor firing and gathering performance

108  
00:05:13,430 --> 00:05:11,039  
measurements

109  
00:05:15,990 --> 00:05:13,440  
ground tests such as these give us the

110  
00:05:17,670 --> 00:05:16,000  
opportunity to collect additional data

111  
00:05:19,749 --> 00:05:17,680  
parameters on the performance of the

112  
00:05:21,029 --> 00:05:19,759  
motor that would not be possible on a

113  
00:05:23,350 --> 00:05:21,039

flight

114

00:05:25,749 --> 00:05:23,360

upon ignition the motor at this target

115

00:05:28,629 --> 00:05:25,759

temperature will fire for about 122

116

00:05:29,830 --> 00:05:28,639

seconds and produce 3.6 million pounds

117

00:05:32,070 --> 00:05:29,840

of thrust

118

00:05:33,909 --> 00:05:32,080

the five segment sls rocket booster is

119

00:05:35,990 --> 00:05:33,919

the largest solid rocket motor in the

120

00:05:37,749 --> 00:05:36,000

world

121

00:05:40,870 --> 00:05:37,759

you're looking live at the booster in

122

00:05:44,150 --> 00:05:40,880

the test stand in promontory utah in

123

00:05:46,390 --> 00:05:44,160

about 15 minutes you will see just how

124

00:05:48,870 --> 00:05:46,400

powerful this booster is

125

00:05:51,670 --> 00:05:48,880

i've actually seen one of these booster

126

00:05:53,990 --> 00:05:51,680

firings in person and i can tell you it

127

00:05:56,710 --> 00:05:54,000

is an awesome experience to feel your

128

00:05:59,749 --> 00:05:56,720

legs shake and to see this piece of

129

00:06:03,189 --> 00:05:59,759

hardware come to life and that engineers

130

00:06:05,430 --> 00:06:03,199

and technicians have worked so hard on

131

00:06:08,150 --> 00:06:05,440

the space launch system rocket is the

132

00:06:10,469 --> 00:06:08,160

most powerful rocket ever built and it

133

00:06:13,189 --> 00:06:10,479

will send the orion spacecraft to the

134

00:06:15,909 --> 00:06:13,199

moon for the artemis missions

135

00:06:18,790 --> 00:06:15,919

even during this pandemic nasa and our

136

00:06:21,830 --> 00:06:18,800

partners have worked very hard to

137

00:06:23,350 --> 00:06:21,840

protect and keep our employees and team

138

00:06:25,510 --> 00:06:23,360

members safe

139

00:06:27,590 --> 00:06:25,520

all the while building hardware and

140

00:06:29,350 --> 00:06:27,600

conducting tests like the one you are

141

00:06:31,749 --> 00:06:29,360

about to see today

142

00:06:35,670 --> 00:06:31,759

now we're going to hear more about that

143

00:06:37,990 --> 00:06:35,680

from nasa administrator jim breinstein

144

00:06:39,749 --> 00:06:38,000

even in the midst of a pandemic it is

145

00:06:41,830 --> 00:06:39,759

important to note that the united states

146

00:06:43,510 --> 00:06:41,840

of america can still do

147

00:06:45,830 --> 00:06:43,520

stunning achievements we saw that

148

00:06:48,390 --> 00:06:45,840

recently when we launched perseverance

149

00:06:51,670 --> 00:06:48,400

to mars we saw when we launched bob and

150

00:06:54,070 --> 00:06:51,680

doug on a spacex falcon 9 rocket in a

151

00:06:55,990 --> 00:06:54,080

crew capsule called dragon

152

00:06:58,230 --> 00:06:56,000

to the international space station then

153

00:07:00,230 --> 00:06:58,240

we brought them home safely we can do

154

00:07:02,629 --> 00:07:00,240

these things and we can do them safely

155

00:07:05,270 --> 00:07:02,639

even in challenging times and now we're

156

00:07:07,589 --> 00:07:05,280

building the most powerful rocket in the

157

00:07:09,830 --> 00:07:07,599

history of humanity that will take not

158

00:07:13,510 --> 00:07:09,840

just the next man but the first woman to

159

00:07:16,469 --> 00:07:13,520

the moon by 2024 in the artemis program

160

00:07:18,790 --> 00:07:16,479

this program is commercial in nature but

161

00:07:21,110 --> 00:07:18,800

it's also international in nature and so

162

00:07:25,189 --> 00:07:21,120

we're very grateful for our partners

163

00:07:26,629 --> 00:07:25,199

that are building uh the fsb boosters so

164

00:07:28,710 --> 00:07:26,639

that we can ultimately achieve the

165

00:07:30,950 --> 00:07:28,720

objectives of our nation and in fact

166

00:07:33,670 --> 00:07:30,960

lead the world

167

00:07:36,309 --> 00:07:33,680

if you are just joining us i am shannon

168

00:07:38,870 --> 00:07:36,319

segovia and nasa communications

169

00:07:42,710 --> 00:07:38,880

we are here today for the flight support

170

00:07:45,110 --> 00:07:42,720

booster test 1 or fsb-1 for the space

171

00:07:48,070 --> 00:07:45,120

launch system rocket from promontory

172

00:07:50,629 --> 00:07:48,080

utah at the northrop grumman facility

173

00:07:52,869 --> 00:07:50,639

we've been talking today about the sls

174

00:07:55,510 --> 00:07:52,879

and about these rocket boosters that you

175

00:07:58,230 --> 00:07:55,520

see here on this model and these

176  
00:07:59,270 --> 00:07:58,240  
boosters will help launch sls to deep

177  
00:08:01,430 --> 00:07:59,280  
space

178  
00:08:02,469 --> 00:08:01,440  
now we're going to see a video that's

179  
00:08:05,029 --> 00:08:02,479  
going to give us a little more

180  
00:08:09,140 --> 00:08:05,039  
information about nasa's artemis

181  
00:08:17,500 --> 00:08:09,150  
missions and our journey to the moon

182  
00:08:53,660 --> 00:08:31,430  
[Music]

183  
00:09:42,080 --> 00:08:53,670  
[Applause]

184  
00:10:53,430 --> 00:10:31,300  
[Music]

185  
00:10:59,030 --> 00:10:56,150  
only a few people in the world know what

186  
00:11:01,190 --> 00:10:59,040  
it's like to ride a rocket into space

187  
00:11:02,949 --> 00:11:01,200  
and we are very fortunate to get to hear

188  
00:11:05,509 --> 00:11:02,959

from one of those now

189

00:11:07,750 --> 00:11:05,519

nasa astronaut randy bresnick recently

190

00:11:09,750 --> 00:11:07,760

sat down to share his thoughts with us

191

00:11:13,030 --> 00:11:09,760

about being an astronaut space

192

00:11:14,550 --> 00:11:13,040

exploration and today's test

193

00:11:17,430 --> 00:11:14,560

now i got the opportunity to fly on some

194

00:11:18,870 --> 00:11:17,440

four segment boosters on sts-129 and now

195

00:11:20,710 --> 00:11:18,880

we're putting out our five-segment

196

00:11:22,550 --> 00:11:20,720

booster test that's going to go on sls

197

00:11:24,710 --> 00:11:22,560

which is you know the world's largest

198

00:11:25,990 --> 00:11:24,720

most powerful rocket when we launch this

199

00:11:27,509 --> 00:11:26,000

thing off and that's going to be the

200

00:11:29,110 --> 00:11:27,519

first time that sls and orion fly

201  
00:11:30,630 --> 00:11:29,120  
together maybe uncrewed but it's going

202  
00:11:33,670 --> 00:11:30,640  
to prove out the ability to build put

203  
00:11:35,030 --> 00:11:33,680  
crew on artemis 2 in 2023

204  
00:11:37,509 --> 00:11:35,040  
and so that's why it's really exciting i

205  
00:11:40,230 --> 00:11:37,519  
mean with with 20 more you know uh

206  
00:11:41,750 --> 00:11:40,240  
propellant and thrust and power in it

207  
00:11:42,790 --> 00:11:41,760  
we're going to be able to go that much

208  
00:11:44,630 --> 00:11:42,800  
farther i mean because these two

209  
00:11:47,829 --> 00:11:44,640  
boosters on the side of the sls that's

210  
00:11:49,269 --> 00:11:47,839  
like 75 of the thrust of the system well

211  
00:11:50,470 --> 00:11:49,279  
it's always important to test like you

212  
00:11:51,509 --> 00:11:50,480  
fly because

213  
00:11:53,350 --> 00:11:51,519

eventually you're going to put the

214

00:11:55,110 --> 00:11:53,360

humans on it and if we've taken all the

215

00:11:56,389 --> 00:11:55,120

precautions and taking all the getting

216

00:11:58,230 --> 00:11:56,399

all the test points and set up the test

217

00:11:59,750 --> 00:11:58,240

properly with initial conditions we're

218

00:12:01,110 --> 00:11:59,760

gonna be able to prove out to when we

219

00:12:02,310 --> 00:12:01,120

put the people on it's gonna be just

220

00:12:03,910 --> 00:12:02,320

like we've done in testing and if we've

221

00:12:06,389 --> 00:12:03,920

done that we've practiced it properly

222

00:12:07,990 --> 00:12:06,399

orion and sls are the backbone of of the

223

00:12:09,430 --> 00:12:08,000

whole artemis and space exploration

224

00:12:11,509 --> 00:12:09,440

right now because they are the part that

225

00:12:13,509 --> 00:12:11,519

starts the mission uh orion carries the

226

00:12:16,069 --> 00:12:13,519

crew all the way to lunar orbit because

227

00:12:17,670 --> 00:12:16,079

sls has lofted it and then sent it there

228

00:12:19,110 --> 00:12:17,680

and then orion brings the crew back

229

00:12:20,470 --> 00:12:19,120

safely to earth and splashes them down

230

00:12:22,470 --> 00:12:20,480

the ocean you've got to have safety for

231

00:12:23,910 --> 00:12:22,480

the folks building the uh you know

232

00:12:26,230 --> 00:12:23,920

whether it's the solid rocket motor

233

00:12:28,470 --> 00:12:26,240

boosters or the launch abort system um

234

00:12:30,949 --> 00:12:28,480

solid fuels the fact that you know these

235

00:12:33,190 --> 00:12:30,959

these fuels uh are not exactly just you

236

00:12:35,509 --> 00:12:33,200

know as docile as water especially in

237

00:12:37,030 --> 00:12:35,519

these trying times um with the virus

238

00:12:39,269 --> 00:12:37,040

that you know everybody's able to

239

00:12:41,190 --> 00:12:39,279

continue working and amazing work these

240

00:12:43,030 --> 00:12:41,200

past uh several months and so i

241

00:12:45,110 --> 00:12:43,040

appreciate everybody continuing to work

242

00:12:46,629 --> 00:12:45,120

safety so that when we get to flight you

243

00:12:48,470 --> 00:12:46,639

know we know that the folks riding the

244

00:12:49,750 --> 00:12:48,480

rocket have the safest ship available

245

00:12:51,190 --> 00:12:49,760

and you've done everything you can to

246

00:12:53,829 --> 00:12:51,200

make it safe for us to return our

247

00:12:56,870 --> 00:12:53,839

families at the end of the mission

248

00:12:59,990 --> 00:12:56,880

we're now only seven minutes away from

249

00:13:01,910 --> 00:13:00,000

go time for the space launch system

250

00:13:04,069 --> 00:13:01,920

solid rocket booster test from the

251  
00:13:06,550 --> 00:13:04,079  
northrop grumman facility in promontory

252  
00:13:08,790 --> 00:13:06,560  
utah we're getting ready to go to

253  
00:13:10,230 --> 00:13:08,800  
northrop grumman and we will stay there

254  
00:13:12,230 --> 00:13:10,240  
throughout the test

255  
00:13:15,670 --> 00:13:12,240  
now to tell you a little bit about what

256  
00:13:17,750 --> 00:13:15,680  
you can expect the test conductor we're

257  
00:13:19,509 --> 00:13:17,760  
going to hear them shortly talking to

258  
00:13:23,750 --> 00:13:19,519  
the team about the tests

259  
00:13:25,990 --> 00:13:23,760  
then around 105 mountain 305 eastern we

260  
00:13:27,750 --> 00:13:26,000  
will hear the conductor say fire and

261  
00:13:30,790 --> 00:13:27,760  
that will start the test and it will

262  
00:13:33,030 --> 00:13:30,800  
last a little over two minutes

263  
00:13:33,750 --> 00:13:33,040

continue to send us your questions using

264

00:13:36,710 --> 00:13:33,760

the

265

00:14:16,870 --> 00:13:36,720

ask nasa as we will be taking those on

266

00:14:21,750 --> 00:14:19,910

t minus six minutes

267

00:14:23,750 --> 00:14:21,760

central support systems operator this is

268

00:14:31,110 --> 00:14:23,760

the test conductor turn on the water

269

00:14:31,120 --> 00:15:16,790

water boost pumps are on

270

00:15:16,800 --> 00:15:21,030

t-minus five minutes

271

00:15:21,040 --> 00:15:31,990

t-97 test area is clear for static test

272

00:15:32,000 --> 00:15:42,870

hi speed operators at verify systems

273

00:16:16,710 --> 00:15:45,269

all high-speed systems are streaming

274

00:16:16,720 --> 00:16:20,470

t minus four minutes

275

00:16:24,710 --> 00:16:23,030

this is the test conductor report system

276  
00:16:27,829 --> 00:16:24,720  
status

277  
00:16:30,069 --> 00:16:27,839  
support systems are go for static test

278  
00:16:32,629 --> 00:16:30,079  
low speed systems are go

279  
00:16:35,269 --> 00:16:32,639  
high speed systems are go

280  
00:17:16,789 --> 00:16:35,279  
motor temperatures are go

281  
00:17:21,669 --> 00:17:18,789  
t minus three minutes

282  
00:17:24,150 --> 00:17:21,679  
low speed data operators begin recording

283  
00:17:26,549 --> 00:17:24,160  
high speed data operators at t minus 60

284  
00:17:28,710 --> 00:17:26,559  
seconds begin recording report at that

285  
00:17:31,110 --> 00:17:28,720  
time

286  
00:18:16,870 --> 00:17:31,120  
all low speed data systems are recording

287  
00:18:16,880 --> 00:18:46,870  
t minus two minutes

288  
00:18:46,880 --> 00:18:56,950

t minus 90 seconds

289

00:19:00,710 --> 00:18:58,789

t minus 80 seconds

290

00:19:06,789 --> 00:19:00,720

test control coordinator stand by to

291

00:19:16,789 --> 00:19:11,590

t minus 70 seconds commit the motor

292

00:19:16,799 --> 00:19:22,789

t-minus 60 seconds

293

00:19:26,710 --> 00:19:25,029

all high speed systems are recording

294

00:19:36,950 --> 00:19:26,720

roger

295

00:19:46,789 --> 00:19:38,530

t minus 40 seconds

296

00:19:56,870 --> 00:19:46,799

[Music]

297

00:20:01,830 --> 00:19:58,360

t minus 20 seconds

298

00:20:01,840 --> 00:20:06,470

t minus 15 seconds

299

00:20:09,190 --> 00:20:08,149

t minus 10

300

00:20:10,070 --> 00:20:09,200

9

301  
00:20:11,110 --> 00:20:10,080  
8

302  
00:20:12,070 --> 00:20:11,120  
7

303  
00:20:13,110 --> 00:20:12,080  
6

304  
00:20:14,070 --> 00:20:13,120  
5

305  
00:20:15,110 --> 00:20:14,080  
4

306  
00:20:16,070 --> 00:20:15,120  
3

307  
00:20:17,029 --> 00:20:16,080  
2

308  
00:20:46,950 --> 00:20:17,039  
1

309  
00:20:46,960 --> 00:20:56,870  
give us 30 seconds

310  
00:20:56,880 --> 00:21:07,350  
g plus 40 seconds

311  
00:21:07,360 --> 00:21:16,870  
50 seconds

312  
00:21:16,880 --> 00:21:26,870  
she plus 60 seconds

313  
00:21:26,880 --> 00:21:35,270

she by 70 seconds

314

00:21:35,280 --> 00:21:44,070

120 seconds

315

00:21:48,870 --> 00:21:46,470

activate head nco2

316

00:21:54,070 --> 00:21:48,880

activated activate quench tool command

317

00:21:54,080 --> 00:22:13,840

activated

318

00:22:33,430 --> 00:22:24,630

[Music]

319

00:22:41,190 --> 00:22:36,549

recording is complete roger lowest

320

00:22:41,200 --> 00:22:47,990

low speed data recording complete roger

321

00:22:51,990 --> 00:22:49,830

post fire crew reports the instrument

322

00:22:57,510 --> 00:22:52,000

room post fire crew report to the

323

00:23:15,840 --> 00:23:15,830

[Music]

324

00:23:15,840 --> 00:23:22,510

so

325

00:24:34,789 --> 00:23:34,870

[Music]

326

00:24:34,799 --> 00:24:43,669

two plus five minutes

327

00:24:49,510 --> 00:24:46,789

wow how amazing was that

328

00:24:50,950 --> 00:24:49,520

and to see all of that power packed into

329

00:24:53,029 --> 00:24:50,960

those boosters

330

00:24:55,190 --> 00:24:53,039

from our view it looks like everything

331

00:24:57,830 --> 00:24:55,200

went great but our engineers and

332

00:25:00,390 --> 00:24:57,840

technicians will continue to analyze the

333

00:25:03,350 --> 00:25:00,400

data and use it to improve future

334

00:25:06,549 --> 00:25:03,360

boosters on future artemis missions

335

00:25:08,710 --> 00:25:06,559

this test is not only about power but

336

00:25:11,110 --> 00:25:08,720

really it's about the technical

337

00:25:13,669 --> 00:25:11,120

innovations that will help us explore

338

00:25:14,549 --> 00:25:13,679

the moon and mars for generations to

339

00:25:17,350 --> 00:25:14,559

come

340

00:25:20,470 --> 00:25:17,360

now we're gonna go hear from northrop

341

00:25:22,390 --> 00:25:20,480

grumman vice president charlie precor

342

00:25:23,909 --> 00:25:22,400

as a four-time space shuttle astronaut i

343

00:25:25,669 --> 00:25:23,919

know what it's like to fly the space

344

00:25:27,430 --> 00:25:25,679

shuttle rocket boosters

345

00:25:29,110 --> 00:25:27,440

and the five segment boosters will add

346

00:25:30,390 --> 00:25:29,120

far greater lift capability than the

347

00:25:31,990 --> 00:25:30,400

shuttle head

348

00:25:33,990 --> 00:25:32,000

when those rocket motors light you know

349

00:25:36,390 --> 00:25:34,000

you're going somewhere i'd love to ride

350

00:25:38,549 --> 00:25:36,400

on the sls and can't wait to hear the

351  
00:25:39,669 --> 00:25:38,559  
experiences of the first sls astronaut

352  
00:25:41,430 --> 00:25:39,679  
crew

353  
00:25:43,350 --> 00:25:41,440  
as vice president of northrop grumman

354  
00:25:45,510 --> 00:25:43,360  
propulsion systems and a former nasa

355  
00:25:47,350 --> 00:25:45,520  
astronaut it's important to me

356  
00:25:49,190 --> 00:25:47,360  
to ensure we have what is necessary to

357  
00:25:51,110 --> 00:25:49,200  
establish a presence on the moon and

358  
00:25:52,950 --> 00:25:51,120  
then go on to mars

359  
00:25:54,789 --> 00:25:52,960  
testing our rocket boosters is how we

360  
00:25:56,390 --> 00:25:54,799  
can help ensure astronauts can explore

361  
00:25:58,470 --> 00:25:56,400  
space safely

362  
00:26:02,310 --> 00:25:58,480  
thank you so much for joining us for

363  
00:26:06,549 --> 00:26:04,310

and that will just about wrap things up

364

00:26:07,750 --> 00:26:06,559

for us today thank you so much for

365

00:26:09,669 --> 00:26:07,760

joining us

366

00:26:12,149 --> 00:26:09,679

if you missed the test or you would like

367

00:26:15,830 --> 00:26:12,159

to see it again we will be replaying it

368

00:26:17,430 --> 00:26:15,840

here on nasa tv so stick with us also if

369

00:26:19,430 --> 00:26:17,440

you would like to watch it on our social

370

00:26:22,310 --> 00:26:19,440

media channels at any time you can go

371

00:26:24,789 --> 00:26:22,320

there and watch it to follow our

372

00:26:25,830 --> 00:26:24,799

progress continue to monitor our social

373

00:26:28,230 --> 00:26:25,840

channels

374

00:26:30,710 --> 00:26:28,240

especially twitter at nasa and at nasa

375

00:26:34,230 --> 00:26:30,720

underscore sls and also for all the

376

00:26:36,310 --> 00:26:34,240

latest on artemis visit our nasa.gov

377

00:26:38,549 --> 00:26:36,320

artemis webpage